Material Safety Data Sheet

(GHS-MSDS)



Material Satety Data Sheet

Name of Material	Silicone coated Zinc Oxide
	Zinc Oxide & Triethoxycaprylysilane

CAS NO	KE NO	UN NO	EC NO
1314-13-2	KE-35565	3077	215-222-5

1. Information related to chemical products and company

- A. Product name: Zinc oxide
- B. Recommended use of product and restrictions on use
 - Recommended use: Acceleration adjuvant for vulcanization of rubber, basic raw materials for electronic materials, cosmetics, antibacterial agents, paint pigments, electrolysis, electroplating, batteries and alloy pigments
 - O Restrictions on use: No data
- C. Manufacturer / Supplier / Distributor Information
 - O Name of supply company: Hanil Chemical Ind. Co., Ltd
 - Address: 37, Gongdan 1-daero, Jeongwang-dong, Siheung-si, Gyeonggi-do
 (Sihwa Industry Complex 1-na 803)
 - O Information provision service or emergency contact telephone number : 82-31-499-8201-4 (Fax 82-31-499-8207)
 - O Corresponding department : Quality assurance department

2. Hazard risk

- A. Classification of hazard risks
 - O Acute aquatic environment toxicity: Classification 1
 - O Chronic aquatic environment toxicity: Classifcation 1
- B. Warning label items including precautionary statements
 - O Pictorial symbol



- O Signal word: Warming
- Hazard risk statements

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic organisms

H410: Very toxic to aquatic organisms due to long-term effects

Precautionary statements

Prevention P273 Do not release to the environment

Response P391 Collect spillage

Storage No data

Disposal P501 (According to the content described in the relevant

legislations) Discard the content container

C. Other hazards and risk not included in classification standards for hazard and risks (NFPA)

Sanitation 0

Fire No data

Reactivity No data

3. Name and content of constituents

Chemical name	INCI Name	CAS NO	Content (%)
Zinc Oxide	Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	Min 96
Silicon copolymer	Triethoxycaprylysilane	2943-75-1	Max 4%

4. Emergency measures

A. Contact in eye:

Receive emergency medical treatment

When contact with materals, immediately wash skin and eye for more than 20 minutes with running water

B. Contact with skin:

Receive emergency medical treatment

When in contact with materals, immediately wash skin and eye for more than 20 minutes with running water

Remov contaminated clothing and shoes and isolate contaminated area

C. When inhaled:

Receive emergency medical treatment

Move to a place with fresh air

Supply oxygen if breathing is difficult

Perform artifical respiration in the case of not breathing

D. When ingested:

Receive emergency medical treatment

E. Other precautions by medical doctors:

Healthcare works should be aware of the substance and take protective measures

5. Measures in case of explosion and fire

A. Appropriate (inappropriate) extinguishing agent :

Use alcohol foams, carbon dioxide or water spray upon extinguishment related to this substance

Use dry sand or dirt upon extinguishment by smothering

B. Specific hazards occuring from chemical substances:

When heating, the container may explode

Inhalation of the substance may be harmful

Inhalation of asbestos may damage the lungs

Vapor that may cause dizziness and suffocation may be generated in some liquids

Upon fire, irritating, corrosive, or toxic gas may be generated

Parts may burn but do not easily ignite

In case of contact, skin and eye may be damage by burning

C. Protective equipment and precautions for fire fighting:

For disposal of fire water, isolate by digging a ditch and do not disperse the material

If not dangerous, remove the container from the fire area

Be careful because parts may be transported at high temperature

Escape from the area, maintain a safe distance, and extinguish

In case of tank fire, even after extinguishment is completed cool the container

with a large amount of water

In case of tank fire, when there is a high-pitched sound in the pressure relief device

or the tank becomes discolored, immediately move away

In case of tank fire, move away from the tank which is inflamed

6. Measures for leakage accidents

A. Measures and protective equipment necessary for protection of body:

Do not touch exposure water or walk on the water

Prevent the formation of dust

Immediately wipe spilled items, and follow preventive measure in the secton for protective equipment

Stop leakage if not dangerous

Be careful of substance and conditions to avoid

B. Measures necessary for protecting the environment:

Exposure water may cause contamination

Prevent inflows into waterway, sewer, basement, and sealed space

Do not release into the environment

C. Purification or removal method:

Collect spillage

In the case of leakage of a large amount, make a ditch far away from liquid leakage In the case of powder leakage, cover with a plastic sheet to prevent spreading and maintain in a dry condition

In the case of leaking a small amount, absorb with inflammable substances and place in a container

Absorb the liquid and wash the contaminated area with a detergent and water

Place the spillage in a clean and dry container with a clean shovel, and after loosely

closing the container, move the container out of the ared of leakage

7. Handling and storage methos

A. Safety handling:

Be careful of high temperature

Perform operation by referencing the engineering control personal protective equipment

Follow all GHS-MSDS/Label preventive measures because the product residue may remain even after the container is empty

Be careful of substances and conditions to avoid

B. Safe storage method:

Be careful of substances and conditions to avoid

8. Exposure prevention and personal protective equipment

- A. Exposure standards of chemical compounds, biological exposure standards, etc,
 - O Domestic standards :

TWA - 2 mg/m³ zinc oxide dust

TWA - 5 mg/m³ STEL - 10 mg/m³ zinc oxie

○ ACGIH:

TWA - 2 mg/m^3

STEL - 10 mg/m³

- O Biological exposure standards : No data
- B. Appropriate engineering controls: No data
- C. Personal protective equipment
 - O Respiratory protection :

Zinc oxide

Wear respiratory protective equipment for physical and chemical properties of the exposed particulate matter, which has been certified by Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency

When the exposure concentration is below 50 mg/m³, wear half-face respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filler

When the exposure concentration is below 125 mg/m³, wear loose-fitting hood/helmet-type electric respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filler or a continuous flow dust mask

When the exposure concentration is below 250 mg/m³, wear full-face or electric half-face or air-supplied continuous flow/pressure-demanding half-face respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filter When the exposure concentration is below 5,000 mg/m³, wear full-face or helmet/hood-type, pressure-demanding respirator mounted with an appropriate filter

When the exposure concentration is below 50,000 mg/m³, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or pressure-demanding self-contained breathing respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filter

Zinc oxide dust

Wear protective equipment for respiration for physical and chemical properties of the exposed particulate matter, which has been certified by Korea Occupational Saftey and Health Agency

When the exposure concentration is below 20 mg/m³, wear half-face respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filler

When the exposure concentration is below 50 mg/m³, wear loose-fitting hood/helmet-type electric respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filler or a continuous flow dust mask

When the exposure concentration is below 100 mg/m³, wear full-face or electric half-face or air-supplied continuous flow/pressure-demanding half-face respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filter

When the exposure concentration is below 2,000 mg/m³, wear full-face or helmet/hood-type, pressure-demanding respirator mounted with an appropriate filter

When the exposure concentration is below 20,000 mg/m³, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or pressure-demanding self-contained breathing respiratory protective equipment mounted with an appropriate filter

○ Eye protection : No data

O Hand protection : No data

O Body protection : No data

9. Physical and chemical property

A. Appearance	State : solid (powder), Color : white	
B. Scent	Scentless	
C. Scent threshold	None	
D. pH	6.95 ~ 7.37	
E. Melting point / freezing point	1000°C (at 1 atm)	
F. Initial boiling point and range of boiling points	e of boiling points No data	
G. Flash point	No data	
H. Evaporation rate	No data	
I. Flammability (solid, gas)	No data	
J. Upper/lower limit of ignition or explosion range	No data	
K. Vapor pressure	mmHg (21°C)	
L. Solubility	2.9 mg/L (20°C, pH=6.07~6.55)	
M. Vapor density	(>1)	
N. Specific gravity	5.68 (22°C)	
O. n-Octanol/water distribution coefficient	No data	
P. Spotaneous combustion temperature	No data	
Q. Decomposition temperature	No data	
R. Viscosity	No data	
S. Molecular weight	'81.38	

10. Stability and reactivity

A. Chemical stability and possibility of hazardous reaction:

The container may explode upon heating

Parts may burn but do not easily ignite

In case of contact, skin and eye may be damaged by burning

Upon fire, irritating or toxic gas may be generated

Inhalation of the substance may be harmful

Vapor that may cause dizziness and suffocation may be generated in some liquids Inhalation of asbestos may damage the lungs

B. Conditions to avoid: Heat

C. Substance to avoid: No data

D. Hazardous substance generated during decomposition: Irritating and toxic gas

11. Information related to toxicity

A. Information related to exposure path with high possibility: No data

B. Health hazard information

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 > 5,000 mg/kg Rat

Percutaneous: No data

Inhalation: Dust LC50 7.8 mg/m³ 3hr Guinea pig

O Skin corrosiveness or irritation:

Irritation was not observed as a result of skin corrosiveness/irritation test using mice

O Severe eye damage or irritation :

Irritation was not observe as a result of severe skin damage/irritation test using artifical cornea

O Respiratory hypersensitiveness : No data

O Skin hypersensitiveness: Not a skin hypersensitive material

O Carcinogenicity:

Occupational Safety and Health Act: No data

Notice of Ministry of Employment and Labor: No data

IARC: No data

OSHA: No data

ACGIH: No data

NTP: No data

EU CLP: No data

O Reproductive cell mutagenicity:

As a result of in vitro DNA damage and recovery test, ambiguous results, and as a result of in vivo micronucleus tests using mammalian erythrocytes, negative OECD Guideline 474, GLP

○ Reproductive toxicity :

Reproductive toxicity was observed at a higher concentration than the concentration where other effects are already present, and it is considerd that the human

Reproductive effects will not be exhibited at exposure concentrations where clinical symptoms are not clea

O Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) :

As a result of inhalation toxicity tests using rats, no particular effects were oberved other than merely not shiny hairs OECD TG 403

O Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) :

As a result of repeated inhalation toxicity tests using rats, the iron content increased in the lung after 3 month.

Oxygen species activated by macrophages in the lung showed the maximum activity value in the marcrophages culture tube in the lung.

Significantly reduced active oxygen secretion was observed 1.5 mg, 4.5 mg/m³ NOAEL = 1.5 mg/m³ air OECD 413, GLP

 \bigcirc Absorption hazards : No data

Other hazardous effects: No data

12. Impact on the environment

A. Ecotoxicity

○ Fish: LC50 3.31 mg/L 96hr 기타() ()※ Source: ECHA

O Crustacean: LC50 0.5 mg/L 48hr Ceriodaphnia dubia

(Similar material: 7440-66-6, GLP) ()% Source: ECHA

O Bird : No data

B. Persistence and degradability

O Persistence : No data

O Degradability : No data

C. Bioaccumulation

○ Accumulation: 1050

O Biodegradability: No data

D. Soil mobility: No data

E. Other hazardous effects: No data

13. Precautions for disposal

A. Disposal method: No data

B. Preceautions for disposal: (According to the content specified in the relevant

legislations) Dispose of the content container

14. Information necessary for transport

A. UN NO: 3077

B. Proper shipment name:

Enviornmentally hazardous material (solid) (Not specified in Attached Table 1 and including thoes specified in "Basel Convention on the Control of Transboundary Movements of Hazardous Wastes and Their Disposal")

(ENVIORNMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N. O. S.)

C. Hazard class for transport: 9

D. Container grade: III

E. Marine pollutants: Applicable (MP)

- F. Special safety measure that users need to know regarding transport or transportaion means or are necessary
 - Emergency measure at the time of fire : F-A
 - O Emergency measure at the time of leakage: S-F

15. Information of applicable regulations

A. Regulations by the Occupational Safety and Health Act:

Work enviornment measurement material (measurement cycle : 6 months)

Special health diagnosis material (dignosis cycle : 12 months)

Hazardous material to be controlled

Exposure standard setting material

- B. Regulations by the Toxic Chemicals Control Act: Not applicable
- C. Regulations by the Safety Control of Dangerous Substance Act: Not applicable
- D. Regualtions by the Wastes Control Act: Not applicable

E. Other regulations by domestic or overseas legislation

Domestic regulations

Act on Control of Persistent Organic Pollutants: Not applicable

Overseas regulations

US control information (OSHA standards): Not applicable

US control information (CERCLA standards): Not applicable

US control information (EPVRA 302 standards): Not applicable

US control information (EPVRA 304 standards): Not applicable

US control information (EPVRA 313 standards): Not applicable

US control information (Rotterdam Convention material) : Not applicable

US control information (Stockholm Convention material): Not applicable

US control information (Montreal Protocal Convention material): Not applicable

EU classification information (confirmed classification result): Aquatic acute 1

Aquatic chronic 1

EU classification information (hazardous phrases): H400, H410

EU classification information (Satety phrases) : Not applicable

16. Other references

A. Source of data

ECHA (phase)

ECHA (color)

ECHA (B. scent)

ECHA (E. melting point/frezzing point)

ECHA (L. solubility)

ECHA (N. specific gravity)

HSCB (Oral)

ECHA (Inhalation)

ECHA (Skin corrosiveness or irritation)

ECHA (Severe eye damage or irritation)

ECHA (Skin hypersensitiveness)

ECHA (Reproductive cell mutagenicity)

OECD SIDS (Reproductive toxicity)

ECHA (Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure))

ECHA (Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure))

ECHA (Fish)

ECHA (Crustacean)

ECHA (Condensability)

ECHA (E. other hazardous effect)

Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency

KOSHANET (Safety Health Information Service)

- B. O This materals satety data sheet (MSDS) is prepared by reconstructing materials provided by Korea Occupational Safety and Health Agency in accordance with "preparation and posting of MSDS by business owner" of Article 41 of the Occupational Safety and Health Act for the protection of the health of workers in the GHS-MSDS form according to the situation of Hanil Chemical Ind. Co., Ltd.
 - This MSDS is used as educational materials on the safety and healthy of wokers in the corresponding work place in accordance with Article 41 of the
 Occupational Safety and Healthy Act and is prohibited for commercial use
 - O Using this MSDS for external purpose can be punished according to related legislations such as the Copyright Act, etc.

C. Revision history

Originally created: 2014

Number of revisions: 3

Last revision date: 2017. 12. 4